## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Please amend claims 1, 3, 4, 22, 31, and 63 without acquiescence to the basis of the rejections set forth in the Office Action, and without prejudice to pursue the original claims in related application(s), and insert new claims 64-66, as follow. A complete listing of the claims is provided below.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of determining a position of a target region in a medical procedure, the method being at least partially implemented using a processor, comprising: acquiring an input image of a target region;

enhancing a feature of the input image based <u>at least in part</u> on a motion of a moving object, wherein the act of enhancing is performed such that an image of the moving object is enhanced relative to an image of a relatively stationary object if the moving object moves relative to the stationary object, <u>and wherein the act of enhancing is accomplished at least in part</u> by performing image averaging and image subtraction;

registering the input image with a template; and determining a position of the target region in the input image based on the registering.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the enhancing comprises determining a composite image of previously acquired input images.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the determining <u>a the</u> composite image comprises performing <u>an the</u> image averaging on the previously acquired input images.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the enhancing further the image subtraction comprises subtracting the composite image from the input image.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the image averaging is performed using a boxcar averaging technique.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the image averaging is performed based on a weighted average.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising selecting the template from a plurality of templates.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the selecting comprises choosing a template from the plurality of templates that best matches at least a portion of the input image.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the selecting comprises: comparing the input image with at least a subset of the templates; and selecting the template that best matches at least a portion of the input image.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the selecting comprises comparing the input image with the template that is generated at approximately a same time-point or a same phase of a physiological cycle as the input image.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the selecting comprises:

  determining a previously registered template; and
  comparing the input image with the template next in line to the previously registered template.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the determining a position of the target region comprises determining a position of the image in the input image that best matches the template.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the input image comprises a fluoroscopic image.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising performing a medical procedure based on the determined position of the target region.

- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the medical procedure comprises directing a radiation beam to the target region.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the performing the medical procedure comprises changing a direction of a radiation beam in response to the determined position.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the performing the medical procedure comprises gating a delivery of the radiation beam in response to the determined position.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the target region comprises at least a part of an animal body.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the at least a part of an animal body comprises a lung tissue or a heart tissue.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the at least a part of an animal body comprises a bone.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the target region comprises at least a part of a non-animal object.
- 22. (Currently Amended) A system for determining a position of a target region in a medical procedure, comprising:

means for acquiring an input image of a target region;

means for enhancing a feature in the input image based <u>at least in part</u> on a motion of a moving object, wherein the means for enhancing performs the act of enhancing such that an image of the moving object is enhanced relative to an image of a relatively stationary object if the moving object moves relative to the relatively stationary object, and wherein the means for

enhancing is configured to accomplish the act of enhancing at least in part by performing image averaging and image subtraction;

means for registering the input image with a template; and means for determining a position of the target region in the input image based on the registering.

- 23. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the means for enhancing comprises means for determining a composite image of previously acquired input images.
- 24. (Original) The system of claim 22, further comprising means for selecting the template from a plurality of templates.
- 25. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein the means for selecting comprises means for choosing a template from the plurality of templates that best matches an image in the input image.
- 26. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the means for acquiring an input image comprises means for generating a fluoroscopic image.
- 27. (Original) The system of claim 22, further comprising means for performing a medical procedure based on the determined position of the target region.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 27, wherein the means for performing the medical procedure comprises means for directing a radiation beam to target region.
- 29. (Original) The system of claim 28, wherein the means for performing the medical procedure comprises means for changing a direction of a radiation beam in response to the determined position.

- 30. (Original) The system of claim 28, wherein the means for performing the medical procedure comprises means for gating a delivery of the radiation beam in response to the determined position.
- 31. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium having a set of stored instructions, the execution of which causes a process to be performed, the process comprising:

acquiring an input image of a target region;

enhancing a moving feature in the input image based <u>at least in part</u> on a motion of a moving object, wherein the act of enhancing is performed such that an image of the moving object is enhanced relative to an image of a relatively stationary object if the moving object moves relative to the relatively stationary object, <u>and wherein the act of enhancing is accomplished at least in part by performing image averaging and image subtraction</u>;

registering the input image with a template; and determining a position of the target region in the input image based on the registering.

- 32. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 31, wherein the enhancing comprises determining a composite image of previously acquired input images.
- 33. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 31, wherein the process further comprising selecting the template from a plurality of templates.
- 34. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 33, wherein the selecting comprises choosing a template from the plurality of templates that best matches an image in the input image.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 31, wherein the input image comprises a fluoroscopic image.

- 36. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 31, wherein the process further comprising performing a medical procedure based on the determined position of the target region.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 36, wherein the medical procedure comprises directing a radiation beam to the target region.
- 38. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 37, wherein the performing the medical procedure comprises changing a direction of a radiation beam in response to the determined position.
- 39. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 37, wherein the performing the medical procedure comprises gating a delivery of the radiation beam in response to the determined position.
- 40. (Previously Presented) A method of monitoring a position of an object, comprising: providing a reference image of the object; acquiring a first image of the object;

determining a first composite image based on the reference image and the first image by performing a subtraction function; and

determining whether the object has moved based at least on the first composite image, wherein the act of determining whether the object has moved comprises using a contrast associated with the first composite image.

- 41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 40, further comprising determining a first value associated with a contrast of the first composite image.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the determining whether the object has moved is performed based on the first value.

- 43. (Original) The method of claim 40, further comprising:
  acquiring a second image of the object;
  determining a composite image based on the second image and the reference image; and
  determining whether the object has moved based at least on the second composite image.
- 44. (Original) The method of claim 43, further comprising determining a second value associated with a contrast of the second composite image.
- 45. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the determining whether the object has moved is performed based on the second value.
- 46. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the object comprises at least a portion of an animal body.
- 47. (Original) The method of claim 46, wherein the at least a portion of an animal body comprises a bone.
- 48. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein the first image comprises a fluoroscopic image.
- 49. (Original) The method of claim 40, further comprising enhancing a moving object in the first image.
- 50. (Previously Presented) A system for monitoring a position of an object, comprising:
  means for providing a reference image of the object;
  means for acquiring a first image of the object;
  means for determining a first composite image based on the reference image and the first
  image by performing a subtraction function; and

means for determining whether the object has moved based at least on the first composite image, wherein the means for determining whether the object has moved determines whether the object has moved using a contrast associated with the first composite image.

- 51. (Original) The system of claim 50, further comprising means for determining a first value associated with a contrast of the first composite image.
- 52. (Original) The system of claim 50, further comprising means for enhancing a moving object in the first image.
- 53. (Previously Presented) A computer readable medium having a set of stored instructions, the execution of which causes a process to be determined, the process comprising:

providing a reference image of the object;

acquiring a first image of the object;

determining a first composite image based on the reference image and the first image by performing a subtraction function; and

determining whether the object has moved based at least on the first composite image, wherein the act of determining whether the object has moved comprises using a contrast associated with the first composite image.

- 54. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 53, wherein the process further comprising determining a first value associated with a contrast of the first difference image.
- 55. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 53, wherein the determining whether the object has moved is performed based on the first value.
- 56. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 53, wherein the process further comprising enhancing a moving object in the first image.

- 57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 40, wherein the reference image and the first image are obtained from a same imaging direction relative to the object.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the act of enhancing is performed without specifically identifying the moving object.
- 59. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 22, wherein the means for enhancing does not specifically identify the moving object.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 31, wherein the act of enhancing is performed without specifically identifying the moving object.
- 61. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the image of the moving object is enhanced by reducing an appearance of the stationary object.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein when the moving object moves relative to the stationary object, the act of enhancing causes the moving object to appear relatively more noticeable than the stationary object.
- 63. (Currently Amended) A method of determining a position of a target region in a medical procedure, comprising:

acquiring an input image of a target region;

enhancing a feature of the input image, wherein the act of enhancing is performed such that an object appears more noticeable than a stationary object when if the object moves relative to the stationary object, and wherein the act of enhancing is accomplished at least in part by performing image averaging and image subtraction;

registering the input image with a template; and determining a position of the target region in the input image based on the registering.

- 64. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein the act of determining whether the object has moved does not require a determination of an amount of movement by the object.
- 65. (New) The system of claim 50, wherein the means for determining whether the object has moved is configured to determine whether the object has moved without determining an amount of movement by the object.
- 66. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 53, wherein the act of determining whether the object has moved does not require a determination of an amount of movement by the object.